



SOLARIS AUSTRALIAN EQUITY FUND (TOTAL RETURN)
ARSN: 167 220 546

Annual Report - 30 June 2018

Solaris Australian Equity Fund (Total Return)

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**Annual Financial Statements for the year ended
30 June 2018**

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These financial statements cover the Solaris Australian Equity Fund (Total Return) as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of the Solaris Australian Equity Fund (Total Return) is Pinnacle Fund Services Limited (ACN 082 494 362, AFSL 238371). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 19, 307 Queen Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000.

Directors' report

The directors of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Solaris Australian Equity Fund (Total Return), present their report together with the financial statements of the Solaris Australian Equity Fund (Total Return) (the "Fund"), for the year ended 30 June 2018.

Principal activities

The Fund is a registered managed investment fund domiciled in Australia.

The Fund may hold between 40 and 70 listed Australian securities, as well as securities expected to be listed on an Australian exchange, in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Information Memorandum and Fund Constitution. It targets a 'Total Return' of capital, dividends and franking credits. In addition, the Fund will seek to remain fully invested with the Fund's allowable maximum cash exposure of 5% of total assets at any one time.

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The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

Directors

On 18 December 2017, Pinnacle Fund Services Limited was appointed as Responsible Entity. Channel Investment Management Limited was the Responsible Entity from the beginning of the year to that date.

The following persons held office as directors of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited from 18 December 2017, being the day that Pinnacle Fund Services Limited was appointed.

Mr Ian Macoun,
Mr Alex Ihlenfeldt
Mr Calvin Kwok
Mr Thomas O'Callaghan (appointed 29 March 2018)
Mr Andrew Findlay (resigned 29 March 2018)

The following persons held office as directors of Channel Investment Management Limited during the year.

Mr G Holding
Ms K Youhanna
Mr S Jordan

The Responsible Entity also has a Compliance Committee consisting of one non-independent person and two independent persons. The committee's role is to oversee the compliance requirements of the Fund operated by the Responsible Entity. The compliance committee has met twice since 18 December 2017, when Pinnacle Funds Services Limited was appointed the Responsible Entity.

Review and results of operations

There have been no significant changes to the operations of the Fund since the previous financial period. The Fund continued to invest funds in accordance with target asset allocations as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2018 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2017 \$'000
Net Operating profit before financing costs attributable to unitholders		9,232
Net operating profit for the year	12,158	
Distribution paid and payable	4,947	3,391
Distribution (cents per unit)	7.8933	5.5410

Directors' report (continued)

Significant changes in state of affairs

The Fund has amended its Constitution to change the obligation to distribute trust income to unit holders effective 1 July 2017 as part of a process to become eligible to elect into the new Attribution Managed Investment Trust ("AMIT") tax regime.

As noted above, Pinnacle Fund Services Limited was appointed as Responsible Entity on 18 December 2017.

In the opinion of the directors, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2018 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Further information on likely developments in the operations of the Fund and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report because the Responsible Entity believes it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Fund.

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to the officers of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited. So long as the officers of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the Law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

The auditors of the Fund are in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity or its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in Note 15 of the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity (including Solaris Investment Management Limited & Pinnacle Fund Services Limited) or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 15 of the financial statements.

Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in Note 13 of the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 of the financial statements.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Directors' report (continued)

Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

The Fund is an entity of the kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191* and in accordance with that instrument, amounts in the consolidated financial report and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars or nearest dollar, unless otherwise stated.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Mr A. Ihlenfeldt
Director
Pinnacle Fund Services Limited

Brisbane
20 September 2018



Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of Solaris Australian Equity Fund (Total Return) for the year ended 30 June 2018, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Ben Woodbridge', written in a cursive style.

Ben Woodbridge
Partner
PricewaterhouseCoopers

Brisbane
20 September 2018

Statement of comprehensive income

	Notes	Year ended 30 June 2018 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2017 \$'000
Investment income			
Interest income from financial assets not held at fair value through profit or loss		18	20
Dividend income	5	3,297	3,182
Net gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	6	8,938	6,133
Total net investment income		12,253	9,335
Expenses			
Transaction costs		95	103
Total operating expenses		95	103
Operating profit before finance costs		12,158	9,232
Finance costs attributable to unitholders			
Distributions to unitholders	8	-	(3,391)
Decrease/(Increase) in net assets attributable to unitholders*	13	-	(5,841)
Profit/(loss) for the year		12,158	-
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		12,158	-

* Net assets attributable to unit holders are reclassified from liabilities to equity from 1 July 2017. As a result, the Fund's distributions are no longer classified as finance costs in the statement of comprehensive income, but rather as distributions paid and payable in the statement of changes in equity. Refer to Note 1 and Note 13 for further detail.

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of financial position

	Notes	As at 30 June 2018 \$'000	As at 30 June 2017 \$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	1,682	4,037
Receivables	11	1,588	954
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	10	79,858	66,509
Total assets		83,128	71,500
Liabilities			
Distributions payable	8	2,070	534
Payables	12	306	646
Total liabilities (30 June 2017: excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)		2,376	1,180
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability*	13	-	70,320
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity*	13	80,752	-

* Net assets attributable to unit holders are classified as equity at 30 June 2018 and as a financial liability at 30 June 2017. Refer to Note 1 for further detail.

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of changes in equity

	Year ended 30 June 2018 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2017 \$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year		
Reclassification due to AMIT tax regime implementation*	70,320	-
Comprehensive income for the year		
Profit/(loss) for the year	12,158	-
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	12,158	-
Transactions with unit holders		
Applications	4,000	-
Redemptions	(890)	-
Reinvestment of distributions	111	-
Distributions paid and payable	(4,947)	-
Total transactions with unit holders	(1,726)	-
Total equity at the end of the financial year*	80,752	-

*Effective from 1 July 2017, the Fund's units have been reclassified from financial liability to equity. Refer to Note 1 and Note 13 for further detail. As a result, equity transactions, including distributions have been disclosed in the above statement for the year ended 30 June 2018.

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of cash flows

	Notes	Year ended 30 June 2018 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2017 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sales of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		20,486	25,535
Purchase of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		(25,776)	(35,938)
Transaction costs on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		(95)	(103)
Dividends/distributions received		3,200	3,173
Interest received		19	18
GST received/(paid)		1	(1)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	16 (a)	<u>(2,165)</u>	<u>(7,316)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		4,000	15,838
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(890)	(2,161)
Distributions paid		(3,300)	(3,170)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		<u>(190)</u>	<u>10,507</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,355)	3,191
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		4,037	846
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	9, 16 (b)	<u>1,682</u>	<u>4,037</u>
Non-cash financing activities	16 (c)	<u>111</u>	<u>9</u>

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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1 General information

These financial statements cover the Solaris Australian Equity Fund (Total Return) (the "Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund was constituted on 24 December 2013. The Fund will terminate on the day immediately proceeding the 80th anniversary of the commencement date unless terminated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Fund Constitution.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Pinnacle Fund Services Limited (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 19, 307 Queen Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency.

The Responsible Entity is incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Solaris Investment Management Limited acts as investment manager of the Fund.

The Custodian of the Fund is RBC Investor Services Trust.

The Fund may hold between 40 and 70 listed Australian securities, as well as securities expected to be listed on an Australian exchange, in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and Fund Constitution. It targets a 'Total Return' of capital, dividends and franking credits. In addition, the Fund will seek to remain fully invested with the Fund's allowable maximum cash exposure of 5% of total assets at any one time.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 20 September 2018. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements after they have been issued.

Reclassification of units from financial liability to equity

On 5 May 2016, a new tax regime applying to Managed Investment Trusts ("MITs") was established under the Tax Laws Amendment (New Tax System for Managed Investment Trusts) Act 2016. The Attribution Managed Investment Trust ("AMIT") regime allows MITs that meet certain requirements to make an irrevocable choice to be an AMIT. In order to allow the Fund to elect into the AMIT tax regime, the Fund's Constitution has been amended and the other conditions to adopt the AMIT tax regime have been met effective 1 July 2017. The Responsible Entity is therefore no longer contractually obligated to pay distributions. Consequently the units in the Fund have been reclassified from a financial liability to equity on 1 July 2017. See Note 13 for further information.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Accounting Standard Board and the Corporations Act 2001 in Australia. The Solaris Australian Equity Fund (Total Return) is a for-profit unit trust for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are generally expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and net assets attributable to unitholders.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within twelve months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at balance date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unitholders, the units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months cannot be reliably determined.

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2017 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in the prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

The amendments made by *AASB 2016-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standard - Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 107* require disclosure of changes in liabilities arising from financing activities. The relevant information is provided in note 13.

(iii) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2018 reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Fund. The directors' assessment of the impact of these new standards (to the extent relevant to the Fund) and interpretations is set out below:

- AASB 9 Financial Instruments (and applicable amendments) (effective from 1 January 2018)

AASB 9 addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. It has now also introduced revised rules around hedge accounting and impairment. The standard is not applicable until 1 January 2018 but is available for early adoption. The directors have assessed the impact of AASB 9 on the Fund's financial statements. There are no investments held by the Fund, which could result in a reclassification of the financial instruments to amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI'). The adoption of AASB 9 is not expected to have a significant impact on the recognition and measurement of the Fund's financial instruments. The derecognition rules have not changed from the previous requirements, and the Fund does not apply hedge accounting.

- AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective from 1 January 2018)

AASB 15 will replace AASB 118 Revenue which covers contracts for goods and services and AASB 111 Construction Contracts which covers construction contracts. AASB 15 is based on the principle that revenue is recognised when control of a good or service transfers to a customer – so the notion of control replaces the existing notion of risks and rewards.

The Fund's main sources of income are interest, dividends and distributions, and gains on financial instruments held at fair value. All of these are outside the scope of the new revenue standard. As a consequence, the directors do not expect the adoption of AASB 15 to have a significant impact on the Fund's accounting policies or the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

There are no other standards that are not yet effective and that are expected to have a material impact on the Fund in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

The Fund's investments are classified as at fair value through profit or loss. They comprise:

- Financial instruments held for trading

Derivative financial instruments such as futures, forward contracts, options and interest rate swaps are included under this classification. The Fund does not designate any derivatives as hedges in a hedging relationship.

- Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition

These include financial assets and financial liabilities that are not held for trading purposes and which may be sold. These are investments in exchange traded debt and equity instruments, unlisted trusts, unlisted equity instruments and commercial paper.

Financial assets and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception are those that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Responsible Entity to evaluate the information about these financial instruments on a fair value basis together with other related financial information. The information on the fair value basis is provided internally to the Fund's key management personnel.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date they become party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

A financial asset is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liabilities are discharged.

(iii) Measurement

- Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss in the period in which they arise. This also includes dividend expense on short sales of securities, which have been classified at fair value through profit or loss.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is subsequently based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the current bid price and the quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current asking price.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using valuation techniques. The Fund uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each reporting date. Valuation techniques used include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants making the maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

Further details on how the fair values of financial instruments are determined are disclosed in Note 4.

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the responsible entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the fund's net asset value attributable to the unit holder.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at balance sheet date if the holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders (continued)

Units are classified as equity when they satisfy the following criteria under AASB 132 *Financial instruments: Presentation*:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Fund, and it is not a contract settled in the Fund's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

As at 30 June 2017, net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a financial liability. Effective from 1 July 2017, the Fund's units have been reclassified from financial liability to equity as they satisfied all the above criteria.

(d) Margin accounts

Margin accounts comprise cash held as collateral for derivative transactions and short sales. The cash is held by the broker and is only available to meet margin calls.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, cash held with broker for margin calls, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts, if any, are shown within borrowings in the statement of

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

(f) Investment income

(i) Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss for all financial instruments that are not held at fair value through profit or loss using the effective interest method. Interest income on assets held at fair value through profit or loss is included in the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments. Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b).

(ii) Dividend and distributions

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date net of any related foreign withholding tax.

Trust distributions are recognised on an entitlements basis.

(g) Expenses

Any expenses which are paid by the unitholder from Fund assets are included in the Fund's financial statements and recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided it attributes the entirety of its taxable income to unit holders.

(i) Distributions

The Fund may distribute its distributable income, in accordance with the Fund's Constitution, to unit holders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the statement of changes in equity.

(j) Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. Prior to 1 July 2017, movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs. Effective from 1 July 2017, as a result of the reclassification of net assets attributable to unitholders from liability to equity, the Fund's distributions are no longer classified as finance cost in the statement of comprehensive income, but rather as distributions paid/payable in the statement of changes in equity.

(k) Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year. Trades are recorded on trade date, and for equities normally settled within three business days. A provision for impairment of amounts due from brokers is established when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due from the relevant broker. Indicators that the amount due from brokers is impaired include significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default in payments.

(l) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest and trust distributions. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the end of each reporting period from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(e) above. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

Receivables include such items as Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) and application monies receivable from unitholders.

(m) Payables

Payables include liabilities, accrued expenses owed by the Fund and any distributions declared which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

A separate distribution payable is recognised in the statement of financial position.

Distributions declared effective 30 June in relation to unit holders who have previously elected to reinvest distributions are recognised as reinvested effective 1 July of the following financial year.

(n) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed. Unit redemption prices are determined by reference to the net assets of the fund divided by the number of units on issue.

(o) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as audit fees, custodial services and investment management fees have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of 75% hence transaction costs and other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(p) Use of estimates

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Fund's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example over-the-counter derivatives or unquoted securities, are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Responsible Entity, independent of the area that created them.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

For certain other financial instruments, including amounts due from/to brokers and payables, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

(q) Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of the kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191* and in accordance with that instrument, amounts in the consolidated financial report and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars or nearest dollar, unless otherwise stated.

3 Financial risk management

(a) Objectives, strategies, policies and processes

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management program focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. Financial risk management is carried out by the Investment Manager under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity (the Board).

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate, foreign exchange and other price risks and ratings analysis for credit risk.

As part of its risk management strategy, the Fund uses derivatives and other investments, including share price futures, to manage exposures resulting from changes in equity price risks, and exposures arising from forecast transactions.

(b) Market risk

(i) Price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value of equities will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. Equity price risk exposure arises from the Fund's investment portfolio. The investments are classified on the statement of financial position as at fair value through profit or loss. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments.

The Investment Manager mitigates this price risk through diversification and a careful selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits set by the Board. The Fund's overall market positions are monitored on a daily basis by the Fund's Investment Manager. Compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement is reported to the Board at least quarterly.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(i) Price risk (continued)

Net assets attributable to unitholders include investments in equity securities and related derivatives. At 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017, the overall market exposures were as follows:

	As at 30 June 2018 \$'000	As at 30 June 2017 \$'000
Securities designated at fair value through profit or loss	79,849	66,505
Derivative assets/(liabilities) held for trading	9	4
Total	79,858	66,509

Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to price risk. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regards to a number of factors, including historical correlation of the Fund's Investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variation in risk variables should not be used to predict future variation in the risk variables.

At 30 June 2018, if the equity prices had increased by 13% (2017: 13%) with all other variables held constant, this would have increased net assets attributable to unitholders (and net operating profit/(loss)) by approximately \$10,381,477 (2017: \$8,646,246). Conversely, if the equity prices had decreased by 13% (2017: 13%), this would have decreased net assets attributable to unitholders (and net operating profit/(loss)) by approximately \$10,381,477 (2017: \$8,646,246).

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

The Fund is not exposed to significant risks from movements in foreign exchange rates as there are no financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies.

(iii) Cash flow and interest rate risk

The majority of the Fund's financial assets are non-interest-bearing. Interest-bearing financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities mature or reprice in the short-term, no longer than twelve months. As a result, the Fund is subject to limited exposure to fair value interest rate risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

The Fund holds no collateral as security or any other credit enhancement. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of each reporting period is the carrying amount of the financial assets. None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

There are no material concentrations of credit risk at 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units and daily margin calls on derivatives. It therefore primarily holds investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed.

The Fund may, from time to time, invest in exchange traded derivative contracts. The derivative products purchased by the Fund are traded on an active exchange. Liquidity risk related to the use of derivative products is considered to be low.

In accordance with the Fund's policy, the Investment Manager monitors the Fund's liquidity position on a daily basis.

Maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

At 30 June 2018	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-3 months \$'000	3-12 months \$'000	12-60 months \$'000
Distributions payable	2,070	-	-	-
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	306	-	-	-
Contractual cash flow (excluding derivatives)	2,376	-	-	-
At 30 June 2017	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-3 months \$'000	3-12 months \$'000	12-60 months \$'000
Distributions payable	534	-	-	-
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	646	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	70,320	-	-	-
Contractual cash flow (excluding derivatives)	71,500	-	-	-

4 Fair value measurements

The Fund measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

- Financial assets/liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Financial assets/liabilities held for trading
- Derivative financial instruments

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

Fair value hierarchy

Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (Level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

4 Fair value measurements (continued)

(a) Fair value in an active market (Level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and listed equity securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2 of the financial statements. For the majority of its investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the current bid price; the quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current asking price. When the Fund holds derivatives with offsetting market risks, it uses mid-market prices as a basis for establishing fair values for the offsetting risk positions and applies this bid or asking price to the net open position, as appropriate.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

(b) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (Level 2 and Level 3)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting period. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Fund would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the end of reporting period taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. The foreign currency contracts are valued at the forward rate.

Investments in other unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the investment managers of such funds.

Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

The carrying value less impairment provision of other receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Fund for similar financial instruments.

4 Fair value measurements (continued)

(b) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (Level 2 and Level 3) (continued)

The following table presents the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017:

At 30 June 2018	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets				
<i>Designated at fair value through profit or loss</i>				
Listed equities	71,163	-	-	71,163
Listed unit trusts	7,697	-	-	7,697
Listed property trusts	989	-	-	989
	<u>79,849</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>79,849</u>
<i>Held for trading</i>				
Derivatives (futures)	9	-	-	9
Total financial assets	<u>79,858</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>79,858</u>
At 30 June 2017	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets				
<i>Designated at fair value through profit or loss</i>				
Listed equities	58,665	-	-	58,665
Listed unit trusts	6,635	-	-	6,635
Listed property trusts	1,205	-	-	1,205
	<u>66,505</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>66,505</u>
<i>Held for trading</i>				
Derivatives (futures)	4	-	-	4
Total financial assets	<u>66,509</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>66,509</u>

The carrying amounts of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

5 Dividend income

	Year ended 30 June 2018 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2017 \$'000
Dividend/trust distribution income	3,297	3,182
Total dividend/ trust distribution income	<u>3,297</u>	<u>3,182</u>

6 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss

	Year ended 30 June 2018 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2017 \$'000
Net unrealised gains/(losses) on financial assets held for trading	11	(6)
Net unrealised (losses)/gains on financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	<u>6,192</u>	<u>4,429</u>
Net unrealised (losses)/gains on financial assets	<u>6,203</u>	<u>4,423</u>
Net realised losses on financial assets held for trading	193	189
Net realised gains on financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	<u>2,542</u>	<u>1,521</u>
Net realised gains on financial assets	<u>2,735</u>	<u>1,710</u>
Net gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	<u>8,938</u>	<u>6,133</u>

7 Auditor's remuneration

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Fund:

	Year ended 30 June 2018 \$	Year ended 30 June 2017 \$
(i) Audit and other assurance services		
Audit and review of financial statements	12,683	10,959
Audit of compliance plan	<u>5,790</u>	<u>8,117</u>
Total remuneration for audit and other assurance services	<u>18,473</u>	<u>19,076</u>
(ii) Taxation services		
Tax Compliance Services	<u>4,900</u>	<u>3,125</u>
Total remuneration for audit and non-audit services	<u>23,373</u>	<u>22,201</u>

The fees for audit and non-audit services (principally tax advice) are paid by the investment manager out of the management fees that they charge outside of the Fund.

8 Distributions to unitholders

The distributions were paid/payable as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2018 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2018 CPU	Year ended 30 June 2017 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2017 CPU
Distributions				
Distributions paid - September	1,160	1.8876	929	1.5240
Distributions paid - December	668	1.0761	1,446	2.3530
Distributions paid - March	1,049	1.6868	482	0.7912
Distributions payable - June	<u>2,070</u>	<u>3.2428</u>	<u>534</u>	<u>0.8728</u>
Total distributions	<u>4,947</u>	<u>7.8933</u>	<u>3,391</u>	<u>5.5410</u>

9 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at 30 June 2018 \$'000	As at 30 June 2017 \$'000
Cash at bank	1,611	3,943
Deposits held with brokers for margin calls	71	94
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,682	4,037

10 Financial Instruments held at fair value through profit or loss

	As at 30 June 2018 \$'000	As at 30 June 2017 \$'000
Financial Assets		
<i>Designated at fair value through profit or loss</i>		
Listed equities	71,163	58,665
Listed unit trusts	7,697	6,635
Listed property trusts	989	1,205
Total financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	79,849	66,505
<i>Held for trading</i>		
Derivatives (futures)	9	4
Total financial assets held for trading	9	4
Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	79,858	66,509

11 Receivables

	As at 30 June 2018 \$'000	As at 30 June 2017 \$'000
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	858	319
Interest receivable	2	3
Accrued income	726	629
GST receivable	2	3
Total receivables	1,588	954

12 Payables

	As at 30 June 2018 \$'000	As at 30 June 2017 \$'000
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	306	646
Total payables	306	646

13 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Under AASB 132 Financial instruments: Presentation, puttable financial instruments meet the definition of a financial liability to be classified as equity where certain strict criteria are met. The Fund shall classify a financial instrument as an equity instrument from the date when the instrument has all the features and meets the conditions.

Prior to 1 July 2017 the fund classified its net assets attributable to unitholders as liabilities in accordance with AASB 132. On 1 July 2017, the Fund qualifies as an AMIT. The Fund's constitution has been amended on the same date and it no longer has a contractual obligation to pay distributions to unitholders. Therefore the net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund meet the criteria set out under AASB 132 and are classified as equity from 1 July 2017 onwards.

As a result of the reclassification of net assets attributable to unitholders from liabilities to equity, the Fund's distributions are no longer classified as finance cost in the statement of comprehensive income, but rather as dividends paid in the statement of changes in equity.

Movements in number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2018 Units '000	Year ended 30 June 2018 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2017 Units '000	Year ended 30 June 2017 \$'000
Opening balance	61,203	70,320	48,769	50,793
Applications	3,252	4,000	14,295	15,838
Redemptions	(715)	(890)	(1,871)	(2,161)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	94	111	10	9
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	-	-	5,841
Distributions paid and payable	-	(4,947)	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	12,158	-	-
Closing balance	63,835	80,752	61,203	70,320

Net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as equity at 30 June 2018 and as a financial liability at 30 June 2017. Refer to note 1 for further details.

As stipulated within the Fund Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

Units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders were classified as a liability until 30 June 2017, and as equity from 1 July 2017. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the responsible entity. Under the terms of the Fund's constitution, the responsible entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

14 Derivative financial instruments

In the normal course of business the Fund enters into transactions in various derivative financial instruments with certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

14 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

Derivative transactions include a wide assortment of instruments, such as forwards, futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process. The use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values or to reduce volatility,
- a substitution for trading of physical securities, and
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy, and adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Fund.

The Fund holds the following derivative instruments:

(a) Futures

Futures are contractual obligations to buy or sell financial instruments on a future date at a specified price established in an organised market. The futures contracts are collateralised by cash or marketable securities. Changes in futures contracts' values are usually settled net daily with the exchange. Futures are contractual obligations to receive or pay a net amount based on changes in Share Price Index (SPI) futures at a future date at a specified price, established in an organised financial market.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments at year end are detailed below:

30 June 2018	Contract/ notional \$'000	Fair Values Assets \$'000	Liabilities \$'000
	SPI Futures	760	9
30 June 2017	Contract/ notional \$'000	Fair Values Assets \$'000	Liabilities \$'000
SPI Futures	3,672	4	-

An overview of the risk exposure relating to derivatives is included in Note 3.

15 Related party transactions

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Solaris High Alpha Australian Equity Fund is Pinnacle Fund Services Limited. Solaris Investment Management Limited continues to act as investment manager of the Fund.

Key management personnel

Directors

Key management personnel includes persons who were directors of Solaris Investment Management Limited (investment manager) during the year or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report.

Mr W Earnshaw
Mr S Martin
Mr I Macoun
Mr A Ihlenfeldt
Mr B Machen

15 Related party transactions (continued)

Key management personnel (continued)

Directors (continued)

The following persons held office as directors of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited from 18 December 2017, being the day that Pinnacle Fund Services Limited was appointed.

Mr Ian Macoun,
Mr Alex Ihlenfeldt
Mr Calvin Kwok
Mr Thomas O'Callaghan (appointed 29 March 2018)
Mr Andrew Findlay (resigned 29 March 2018)

Key management personnel also includes persons who were directors of Channel Investment Management Limited at any time during the year or since the end of the year and up to 18 December 2017.

Mr G Holding
Ms K Youhanna
Mr S Jordan

Manager's fees and other transactions

No management fees were incurred by the Fund for year ended 30 June 2018 or 30 June 2017.

Related party unitholdings

Parties related to the Fund (including Solaris Investment Management Limited and Pinnacle Fund Services Limited, their related parties and other Funds managed by Solaris Investment Management Limited and Pinnacle Fund Services Limited), did not hold any units in the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2018.

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by Pinnacle Investment Management Ltd, the parent entity of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited. Payments made from the Fund to Pinnacle Fund Services Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to key management personnel remuneration.

Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting year.

Other transactions within the Fund

From time to time directors of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited or their director related entities, may invest in or withdraw from the Fund. These investments or withdrawals are on the same terms and conditions as those entered into by other Fund investors and are trivial in nature.

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel of the Responsible Entity have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving directors' interests existing at year end.

16 Reconciliation of net profit to net cash outflow from operating activities

	Year ended 30 June 2018 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2017 \$'000
(a) Reconciliation of net profit to net cash outflow from operating activities		
Net profit/(loss) for the year	12,158	-
(Increase)/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	5,841
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	20,486	25,535
Purchase of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(25,776)	(35,938)
Net losses/(gains) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(8,938)	(6,133)
Distributions to unitholders	-	3,391
Net change in receivables and accrued income	(95)	(12)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(2,165)	(7,316)
(b) Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash as at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the statement of financial position as follows:		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,682	4,037
Closing balance	1,682	4,037
(c) Non-cash financing and investing activities		
During the year, the following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan		
	111	9
	111	9

17 Events occurring after the reporting period

There have been no significant events that have occurred since the end of the reporting year which would impact on the financial position of the Fund disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date. The Fund continued to invest funds in accordance with the provisions of the Fund Constitution.

18 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets and liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017.

Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 26 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date.
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Mr A. Ihlenfeldt
Director
Pinnacle Fund Services Limited

Brisbane
20 September 2018



Independent auditor's report

To the unitholders of Solaris Australian Equity Fund (Total Return)

Our opinion

In our opinion:

The accompanying annual financial statements of Solaris Australian Equity Fund (Total Return) (the Registered Scheme) is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Registered Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its financial performance for the year then ended
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

What we have audited

The annual financial statements comprises:

- the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies
- the directors of the Responsible Entity's declaration.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Registered Scheme in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the annual financial statements in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

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Other information

The Directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's report for the year ended 30 June 2018, including the Director's report, but does not include the annual financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the annual financial statements does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the annual financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the annual financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors of the Responsible Entity for the annual financial statements

The directors of the Responsible Entity of the Registered Scheme are responsible for the preparation of the annual financial statements that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors of the Responsible Entity determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the annual financial statements that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual financial statements, the directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for assessing the ability of the Registered Scheme to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Responsible Entity either intend to liquidate the Registered Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual financial statements as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the annual financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the annual financial statements is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:
http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

A large, stylized handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'PricewaterhouseCoopers'.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'Ben Woodbridge'.

Ben Woodbridge
Partner

Brisbane
20 September 2018